Theodore Winthrop, 1828–1861. Graduated from Yale College in 1848 and became a writer for *Atlantic Magazine*. He enlisted in April 1861 right after the war broke out and was soon appointed a major and aide-de-camp to General Benjamin Butler. Winthrop was killed in action on June 10, 1861 at the Battle of Big Bethel, in Virginia. He is known as the first casualty of an officer of the Union Army in one of the earliest battles of the war.

LOCATION: 14 CEDAR

Civil War Notables Buried in Grove Street Cemetery

Franklin E. Alling, 1842–1862. He entered Yale College with the class of 1865 in the fall of 1861, but left college to enlist with the 27th Connecticut Volunteers. He was killed at the Battle of Fredericksburg on December 13, 1862. There are two other men in this cemetery from the 27th regiment who were mortally wounded in the same battle. The 27th, made up primarily of men from New Haven, lost a total of 108 men in Battle of Fredericksburg.

LOCATION: 75 LOCUST

Jedediah Chapman, 1839–1863. Born in New Haven. Another member of the 27th Connecticut Regiment. He survived the Battle of Fredericksburg, but was killed at the Battle of Gettysburg, July 2, 1863. There is a marker in the Wheatfield at Gettysburg to mark where Captain Chapman fell.

LOCATION: 41 LAUREL
Amos Beebe Eaton, 1806–1877. Born in Catskill, NY, he graduated from West Point in 1826. He had served in the Mexican American War and then joined the Commissary Department. Appointed a lieutenant colonel he was tasked with creating an effective supply system for the Union Army. His good work led President Lincoln to appoint him Brigadier General in July of 1864. In 1866, President Johnson appointed him Brevet Major General. He retired to New Haven in 1874.

Augustus B. Fairchild, 1838–1862. Born in New Haven. He was a member of the 27th Connecticut Infantry which was formed in New Haven in 1862. The 27th lost 108 men in the Battle of Fredericksburg on December 13, 1862. Besides Fairchild, two other men who were killed in action at that battle on that day have stones in this cemetery, William G. Hill, and Franklin E. Alling.

Noah L. Farnham, 1829–1861. Born in New Haven. A short man ('5'4" he was nicknamed “Pony”), he enlisted with the New York 7th Regiment known as the Fire Zouaves in May of 1861. When its commander was killed that same month, Farnham was appointed Colonel. He was killed at the first Battle of Bull Run on July 21, 1861. According to a subsequent article in The New York Times, flags at New York City Hall, public buildings and ships in the harbor were flown at half-mast in respect to him on August 15, 1861.

Andrew Hull Foote, 1806–1863. Born in New Haven, (his father was a U.S. Senator and then 28th Governor of Connecticut), he went to sea at age 16 and rose to become one of the very first Rear Admirals in the U.S. Navy. He commanded the Mississippi River Squadron in 1862, which in conjunction with Ulysses S. Grant captured the Confederate strongholds of Fort Henry on the Tennessee River and Fort Donelson on the Cumberland River in February of that year. Three U.S. Navy ships have been named for him as well as Fort Foote National Park in Maryland.

Francis H. Gregory, 1789–1866. He started his maritime life as merchant marine, but in 1809 President Jefferson appointed him a midshipman. In the War of 1812 he was captured and sent to England where he was imprisoned for a year. After his release he returned to the Navy and served as Commandant of the Boston Navy Yard from 1832 to 1856. During the Civil War he oversaw construction of navy vessels in private shipyards and was promoted to Rear Admiral in July 1862.

Albert T. Hightman, d.o.b. unknown–1871. Hightman was a member of the 29th Connecticut Volunteers (Colored). The regiment, the first African-American Regiment formed in New Haven, saw action in Virginia and in 1865 participated in the final capture of Richmond. In 2008, a memorial to the 29th was established in Criscuolo Park on Chapel Street in New Haven.

Frank H. Peck, 1836–1864. Born in New Haven and graduated from Yale in 1856. He was appointed a major in the 12th Connecticut Volunteer Infantry and rose to Colonel. Peck was killed in action at the Third Battle of Winchester on September 19, 1864. He was posthumously breveted to Brigadier General of U.S. Volunteers for “conspicuous gallantry at Winchester, Virginia.”

Alfred Howe Terry, 1827–1890. Major General in the U.S. Army. Terry is the highest ranking U.S. Army veteran in Grove Street Cemetery. A graduate of Hopkins School in New Haven, he attended Yale Law School but did not finish. Although he had no formal military training, when the war started he raised the 2nd Connecticut Infantry Regiment and was appointed its colonel. He led his troops in the capture of Fort Fisher in North Carolina in 1865 and served in the army out west after the war.

Calvert Stuart Webster, 1832–1862. Born in New Haven, he was the grandson of the famous Noah Webster. C. Stuart, as he was known, joined the 15th New York Engineers. He became ill during his time in the service and died of disease in New Haven. His brother, William Eugene Webster, enlisted in the Confederacy, as their mother was from the south and she was a cousin of Robert E. Lee’s wife. He was killed at the Battle of Cold Harbor and died the same year as his brother, 1862. He is buried in Maryland.